# Female Brains vs. Male Brains

by Serge Ginger (France)<sup>1</sup>

#### Two lectures in the same time

You're lucky to-day: you'll have two lectures,

And — as I have a short time — I'll give these two lectures at the same time!

One for women; another one for men!

In fact, I already began: right now, men and women haven't heard the same message!

# **Hearing with both hemispheres**

For instance — in average, of course (with many individual variations)<sup>2</sup> — women hear me twice as loud (2,3 more loud) as men. So, they hear me "shouting" (and they think I'm angry) while men have the feeling I'm speaking in a confidential manner, with some kind of complicity...

The women hear me with both their hemispheres (left brain and right brain), while men listen to me with mostly their left brain — verbal, logic...and consequently with criticism! Women have more links between the two hemispheres (through corpus callosum)<sup>3</sup> and my speech is colored with emotions, perceived subjectively through their wishes and their fears, through their ethical or social values (like feminism!). They hear what I'm saying, but mostly how I do it, sensitive to the tune of my voice, to the rhythm of my breath, to my supposed feelings...

Of course, this predominance of *audition* and *subjective hearing* is only a detail, but its main interest is that we can observe it *here and now*.

# Two different species

To speak frankly, we belong to *two different "species"*. In our times, we just finish the deciphering of the *human genome* and you perhaps know that it's proofed that humans and monkeys have about the *same genetic inheritance*: common at a rate of 98,4% — which means only 1,6% of differences between men and monkeys (male monkeys!)... while there is 5% difference between men and women! So, a human male is physiologically more near to a monkey than to a woman!... And, as you already guessed it, woman is near to a female monkey!

Of course, such provocative and *quantitative* calculations neglect the *qualitative* aspect: for instance, the genes which contribute to development of language, art, philosophy, etc. but they underline the big *gap between genders* — within all animal species, including human species. This *gender identity* is different from sexual identity.

Usually, I teach to my students the *impact of brain functioning on psychotherapy*, during a *four days* workshop (with some demonstrations)<sup>4</sup>, but to-day, I've only some minutes to mention it rapidly, and I'll only give a *listing* of about *twenty main differences* between men and women.

# Right brain is masculine

All researchers of all countries agree now to consider that:

- the *left brain* is more developed among *women*;
- the *right brain* (the so-called "emotional brain") is more developed among *men* contrary to what is often thought by general public (and sometimes even by psychotherapists!). It's under the influence of sexual hormones and neurotransmitters (*testosterone*, etc.).

So, the woman is more involved in *verbal sharing* and *communication*, while the man is more prepared for *action* and *competition*.

Already, in the kindergarten, during 50 minutes of a class, small girls talk during 15 minutes and boys, only 4 minutes (four times less). Boys are rowdy 5 minutes; they fight 10 times more often than the girls: 30 seconds, in average. When they are 9 years old, girls are 18 months ahead. When they are adults, women talk in average 20 minutes

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> It's estimated that 20% of men have a *feminine* brain and 10% of women have a *masculine* brain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> It allows women to have several tasks at one time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> During this kind of seminars, I summarize 40 000 pages of scientific readings on this subject, in French and English (which means about 150 specialized books and the same amount of articles). See a resume of this topic in both my books (chapters on *Brain* and *Dreams*).

at each phone call, while men speak only 6 minutes, just to give an urgent information! The woman needs to *share* her ideas, feelings, emotions, while the man withdraw and *control* his emotions and try to find a *solution*. He interrupts his wife to propose a solution... and the wife don't feel to be listened to! In fact, *men are more emotional* than women, but *they don't express* their emotions and this point must never be neglected in conjugal life... and during psychotherapy.

#### Orientation

• Woman is concerned by *Time* (left brain);

Man is concerned by *Space* (right brain): the advantage of men in three dimensional spatial rotation tests is massive, since the childhood (Kimura, 2000).

• The woman finds her way with *concrete markers*: the advantage of women in memorization or denomination of concrete objects is massive.

The man finds his way through an *abstract direction*: he is able to improvise a short cut to reach his car or his hotel.

## Sense organs

Globally speaking, the woman is more *sensitive*<sup>5</sup>:

- Her hearing is more developed: hence the importance of sweet words, of voice tune, of music;
- Her *sense of touch* is *much more* developed: she has 10 times more skin receptors, sensitive to contact; *ocytocin* and *prolactin* (hormones of *attachment* and cuddle) increase her need to touch and to be touched;
- Her olfaction (smell) is much more sharp: 100 time more at certain periods of her menstrual cycle!
- Her *Vomero Nasal Organ* (VNO), the real "6<sup>th</sup> sense" (*chemical* and *relational* organ) seems to be more developed and perceives sharper the *pheromones* which express different kinds of emotions: sexual desire, anger, fear, sadness... Perhaps it's what is called "*intuition*"?
- As for *sight*, it's more developed among men, and *eroticized*: hence their interest and excitement for clothes, make-up, jewellery, nakedness, pornographic magazines...However, women have a better *visual memory* (for recognizing *faces*, tidying of objects...).

#### Why such differences? The Theory of Evolution

The researchers explain these important *biological and fundamental differences* between men and women by the *natural selection* through more than one million years of evolution of the human species<sup>6</sup>. Such adaptative evolution is supposed to have shaped our brain and sense organs through the combined action of *hormones and neurotransmitters*:

- Men adapted to *hunting* on large space and distance (and also to struggle and *war* between tribes). Usually they had to *silently* pursue game (animals), sometimes during several days, and then to find back their cavern (sense of orientation). Very *few verbal sharing* (it has been estimated that a prehistoric man met not more than 150 persons *during his whole life*).
- During the same period, women's brain adapted to *children's breeding* and education which implies *verbal sharing* in the limited space of the cave.

So, on a biological level, men are programmed for competition, while women are programmed for cooperation.

And so, everybody can see that biologically, psychotherapy is a women business!<sup>7</sup>

These predispositions seem to be linked to *biology* (hormones and neurotransmitters). They are constituted during the *very first weeks of intra-uterine life* and seem to be very few influenced by education and culture.

# Nature and nurture

To-day, neuroscientists and geneticists seem to consider that our personality is determined:

- for about 1/3, by heredity: chromosomes from the nucleus of our cells and *mitochondrial* DNA heredity, coming from the *mother*;
- for about 1/3, by intra-uterine life: during the *first weeks after conception*; the embryo (fetus) is *feminine* (Durdeen-Smith & Desimone, 1983; Badinter, 1992; Magre & al.; 2001) and *masculinity* is a slow and hard hormonal and educational *conquest*. So, the girl is not a boy who *lost* his penis (Freud's hypothesis), but the boy is a girl who *won* (*gained*) a penis. The psychoanalytical so-called *envy or need for penis* is an hypothesis which has never been controlled. Among *transsexual* people, one can find five times more men wishing to become a women than women wishing to become a man...

During the war, two times more *male homosexuals* were born, probably because of mother's stress, disturbing her hormonal balance (Durdeen-Smith & Desimone, 1983; Le Vay, 1993).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> More "sensitive" (sense organs), but not more "emotional".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> On the face of a clock, 10 000 years of civilization, out of one million years of human evolution, represent about half a minute.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See Krause-Girth Cornelia (2001). *The Position of Women in Psychotherapy*.

These two *hereditary and congenital* parts seem to be important: for instance, if a male twin is homosexual, his *identical* twin is also homosexual in 50 to 65% of the cases<sup>8</sup>; if he is only a *fraternal* twin, it's the case in 25 to 30%, which means two times less — but still 5 times more than in the general population! Homosexuality could be predicted since the age of 1 or 2 years, in many cases (Le Vay, 1993).

• for about 1/3, acquired after birth: cultural bath or steep, education, training, occasional circumstances... or psychotherapy!.

In a more general approach, the global correlation between personalities is estimated<sup>9</sup> at:

- 50 % between *identical* twins (heredity)<sup>10</sup>
- 25 % between fraternal twins (hormonal impregnation during intra-uterine life)
- 10 % between brothers and sisters (education)
- 0 % between *strangers*.

These *three thirds* (heredity, acquired *in utero*, acquired during life) have been found — in different proportions — in many fields of abilities: intelligence, music, sports, and even optimism<sup>11</sup>.

Depending on the amount of pessimistic or optimistic genes you've inherited, you could formulate this researches in different manners:

- "Our personality is *predetermined* since our *birth* at about 2/3".
- "Our personality is *constructed* since our *conception* at about 2/3".

#### Hormones

When you put a ball on the earth, boys give it a kick; girls take the ball and clasp it to their heart. It seems to be independent of their education and culture, and directly related to their hormones.

- ≥ **Testosterone** is the hormone of *desire*, *sexuality and aggression*. It could be called the "hormone of *conquest*" (military or sexual!). It develops <sup>12</sup>:
- Strength of muscles (40% muscles for men; 23% for women);
- Speed (reactions) and impatience (92% of drivers who hoot at a traffic light are men!);
- Aggression, competition, domination (the dominant male maintains the quality of the species);
- *Endurance*, *tenacity*;
- *Healing* of wounds;
- Beard and baldness:
- Vision (far away, as "teleobjective");
- *Right side* of the body and fingerprints (Kimura, 1999);
- Throwing with precision;
- Orientation;
- Attraction by a young female (able to give birth).

#### Influence of œstrogens:

- Dexterity, separate movements of fingers (Kimura, 1999);
- Left side of the body (and fingerprints);
- In average, 15% fat for a man and 25% fat for a woman (to protect and nourish her baby);
- *Hearing*: women perceive larger range of sounds, they sing in tune 6 times more often, they have a sharper recognition of sounds and music (to recognize their baby);
- Smell: their olfaction is 100 times stronger (at certain periods);
- Nomination of *colors*: the cones, which recognize colors, are situated on the X chromosome;
- Verbal and visual memory of the localization of things;
- Attraction by a *dominant male*, strong, able to protect her, experienced, socially recognized which means generally *older*.

# To conclude: some applications in Psychotherapy

The research in neurosciences confirms a lot of traditional knowledge. It helps the everyday work in *psychotherapy* and *counseling* (with individuals or *couples*):

And now, to finish this brief lecture, *some concrete examples* of the daily impact of neurosciences.

# They help the Psychotherapist to:

- *Listen a woman* with patience, until she is finished, without trying to "solve" her problem (which would be a *male* reaction, oriented toward *action*: instead of "mother" her, he becomes her "father");
- Encourage the man to speak more and to express and share his emotions;

<sup>9</sup> PLOMIN R. & al. (1997). Behavioral Genetics. New York: Freean & Company.

<sup>11</sup> LYKKEN & TELLEGEN (Minnesota University).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> According to different studies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Which leaves 50% freedom!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> When in *optimal* concentration: not too weak, not too high (Kimura, 1999).

- Underline the *importance of sight for men* and of *hearing for women*, especially in *erotic* preliminary (music and sweet voice):
- Stimulate the ill persons: install patients near a window (open on the outside world) helps healing; stimulate the aged: passive retirement accelerates aging;
- Exploit, during psychotherapy, the intimate links between sexuality and aggression (both of them, controlled by hypothalamus and by testosterone);
- Be very prudent about "memories" of early sexual abuse: the memory of a scene, real or only seen in imagination, is treated in the same brain regions, and creates the same neurochemical reactions (40% of the "memories" are false memories, reconstructed from conscious or unconscious fears or desires);
- Mobilize the *frontal lobes*, center of *responsibility* and autonomy (be able to say "no"); hence, richness of *para*doxical and provocative therapy;

# Some general remarks:

- To *make love* accelerates healing of wounds (testosterone);
- Body oriented therapies help to mobilize neurological paths: movement > right brain > limbic brain > emotions > deep engrammation (encoding) of experience...
- A certain amount of *emotion helps memorization*; verbalization *afterwards* helps to *recall* in the future;
- Long term memorization occurs mostly during dreams (REM sleeping); hence, in case of mental trauma (accident, death of a close person, rape, terrorist attack, earthquake...), usefulness of a debriefing before the first dream time ("emergency Gestalt", Ginger, 1987).
- Women commit ten times more suicide attempts (they express their emotions); men succeed in their suicide (enactment);
- Women *speak* without thinking; men *act* without thinking!
- Women who are not happy in their *relations*, have problems in their job; men who are not happy in their *job*, have problems in their relations;
- Women need *intimacy* to appreciate sexuality; men need *sexuality* to appreciate intimacy.

Finally, it's fundamental to follow the research in genetics and neurosciences<sup>13</sup> and update in permanence (weekly) our knowledge.

- It's probably not indifferent to work with a male or female therapist: it does matter<sup>14</sup>, it makes the difference! (Krause-Girth, 2001).
- Our perception of the world is very different... but pleasantly complementary!...

Serge Ginger

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The simplest way seems to consult on the *Internet* the research engine www.google.com, the only way to read *recent* studies, not yet published or translated.

14 Contrary to psychoanalytical hypothesis, *not confirmed* by different studies.